

LED.F CURING LIGHT INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Industrial design patent No.: CN 200930321058.6

Please read this manual before operating



CE

GUILIN WOODPECKER MEDICAL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD. www.glwoodpecker.com

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1. Introduction

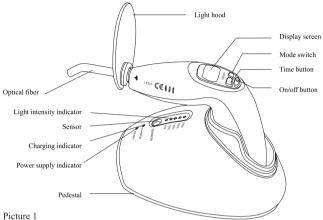
Guilin Woodpecker Medical Instrument Co., Ltd. is a high-tech enterprise in researching, developing, and producing dental equipment, and has a perfect quality assurance system, main products including ultrasonic scaler, curing light, micro motor, apex locator and ultrasurgery etc.

2. Principle and Application

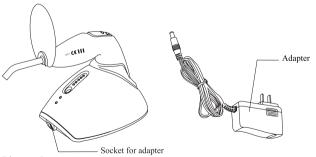
- 2.1 The curing light LED.F utilizes the principle of the light radiation to make the resin which is high sensitivity with the ray radiation solidified rapidly.
- 2.2 With the function of accelerating the renovation of the teeth and solidifying the whiten teeth materials.

3. Product Performance Structure and Components

The curing light (Dentistry) mainly composes with main unit and accessories (high-power LED, optical fiber, light hood, Li-ion Battery, adapter and pedestal).







Picture 2

4. Basic Technical Specifications

4.1 Power supply:

4.1.1 Rechargable Li-ion Battery:

Battery nominal voltage and capacity: 3.6V 2000mAh

Battery Model: ICR18650

Battery has protection against Over-voltage, over-current and short circuit

4.1.2 Adapter:

Input: AC100V~240V 50Hz/60Hz

Output: DC5V/1A

4.2 Applied part: Optical fiber

4.3 Light source:

High-power: LED blue light Wave length: 385nm-515nm

Light intensity: 1600mW/cm²~1800mW/cm²

4.4 Working condition:

Environment temperature: +5°C to +40°C

Relative humidity:30%~75%

Atmosphere pressure: 70kPa to106kPa

4.5 Dimension: 195mm×40mm×150mm

4.6 Net weight: 210g

4.7 Consume power: ≤8W

4.8 Protection type against electric shock : Class II

4.9 Degree of Electric shock protection: Type B

4.10 Degree of protection against harmful ingress of water: Ordinary equipment (IPX0)

4.11 Degree of safety application in the presence of a Flammable Anaesthetic Mixture with air or Oxygen or Nitrous Oxide: not suitable under this condition.

5. Installation and Demounting

- 5.1 Take off the red cap from the optical fiber, and then insert the metal part into the front of the curing light. (Make sure to screw the fiber to the end, be sure not sloping insert)
- 5.2 Install the light hood on the bottom of the optical fiber.
- 5.3 Screw the fiber reversed when demounting.
- 5.4 Battery replacement method: open the battery cover of the main unit, take the battery out, then disconnect the plug slightly. Connect the plug of the new battery correctly, put the new battery in, and then fix the battery cover.

6. Operation

6.1 You can choose one of the following operating modes by pressing the MODE button on the curing light, the relative icon is displayed on the screen

TURBO Mode:

Consistently high light intensity for the polymerization of restorative and cementation materials for direct and indirect restorations. The select of time could be 3.5 and



10 seconds.Its output light intensity is about 1600 mW/cm²-1800 mW/cm².

NORMAL Mode:

Consistently high light intensity for the polymerization of restorative and cementation materials for direct and indirect restorations. The select of time could be 5,10 and 20 seconds. Its output light intensity is about 1000 mW/cm²-1200 mW/cm².

LOW Mode:

Reduced light intensity with reduced heat development for the polymerization of adhesives, liners, and



restorative materials in areas near the pulp when restoring Class V cavities. Its output light intensity is about 400 mW/cm²-500 mW/cm². The select of time could be 10 seconds, 20 seconds, 1 minute, 3 minutes, 5 minutes.

- 6.2 Press the TIME button to set the solidifying time of present mode, the time can be displayed on the screen.
- 6.3 The curing light keep the records of last-set mode and solidifying time automatically, it will enter into the same mode automatically during next operation.
- 6.4 When operating, please focus on the point needs solidification, press the on / off button, and the main unit will produce "Bi"sound, the curing light radiates blue light and starts working according to the set modes. Meanwhile, it starts counting down and will produce tone at every 10s, it stops working when counting down to "0".
- 6.5 During operation, the curing light can be stopped by pressing the power button at any time.
- 6.6 After finishing the operation, please clean the fiber with calico in order not to affect the light intensity.
- 6.7 The curing light will turn off automatically after 2 minutes' break. Press on/off button to restart.
- 6.8 When low power is detected, the indicator in the screen will wink, please charge in time.
- 6.9 Connect the output plug of power adapter to the plug of DC5.0V in the pedestal, and then put the main unit to the charging point of the pedestal, the curing light starts charging. The yellow indicator of the pedestal shines and green indicator turns off during charging, while the yellow indicator turns off and green indicator shines after charging finished.
- 6.10 The solidified depth of the curing light composite resin 10 seconds will not less than 4mm.
- 6.11 The optical fiber should be sterilized for 4 minutes with 134 $^{\circ}$ C and 2.0bar~2.3bar (0.20MPa~0.23MPa) before each use.

7. Light Intensity Measurement

- 7.1 Connect the output plug of power adapter to the plug of DC5.0V in the pedestal.
- 7.2 Choose general mode and aim the optical fiber at the measurement point, press on / off button, the present light intensity is displayed on the indicator of pedestal.

8. Cleaning, Disinfection and Sterilization

The cleaning, disinfection and sterilization of optical fiber is as follow.

Unless otherwise stated, they will be hereinafter referred to as "products".



The use of strong detergent and disinfectant (alkaline pH>9 or acid pH <5) will reduce the life span of products. And in such cases, the manufacturer takes no responsibility.

This device shall not be exposed to high temperature above 138°C.

Processing limit

The products have been designed for a large number of sterilization cycles.

The materials used in manufacture were selected accordingly. However with every renewed preparation for use, thermal and chemical stresses will result in ageing of the products. The maximum number of sterilizations for optical fiber is 500 times.

8.1 Initial processing

8.1.1 Processing principles

It is only possible to carry out effective sterilization after the completion of effective cleaning and disinfection. Please ensure that, as part of your responsibility for the sterility of products during use, only sufficiently validated equipment and product-specific procedures are used for cleaning/disinfection and sterilization, and that the validated parameters

are adhered to during every cycle.

Please also observe the applicable legal requirements in your country as well as the hygiene regulations of the hospital or clinic, especially with regard to the additional requirements for the inactivation of prions.

8.1.2 Post-operative treatment

The post-operative treatment must be carried out immediately, no later than 30 minutes after the completion of the operation. The steps are as follows:

- 1. Remove the optical fiber from the Curing light Device, and rinse away the dirt on the surface of product with pure water (or distilled water/deionized water);
- 2. Dry the product with a clean, soft cloth and place it in a clean tray.

Notes

- a) The water used here must be pure water, distilled water or deionized water.
- 8.2 Preparation before cleaning

Steps

Tools: tray, soft brush, clean and dry soft cloth Remove optical fiber from main unit and put it into the clean tray.

Use a clean soft brush to carefully brush the optical fiber until the dirt on surface is not visible. Then use soft cloth to dry the optical fiber and put them into a clean tray. The cleaning agent can be pure water, distilled water or deionized water.

8.3 Cleaning

The cleaning should be performed no later than 24 hours after the operation.

The cleaning can be divided into automated cleaning and manual cleaning. Automated cleaning is preferred if conditions permit.

8.3.1 Automated cleaning

- •The cleaner is proved to be valid by CE certification in accordance with ENISO 15883.
- •There should be a flushing connector connected to the inner cavity of the product.

•The cleaning procedure is suitable for the product, and the irrigating period is sufficient.

It is recommended to use a washer-disinfector in accordance with EN ISO15883. For the specific procedure, please refer to the automated disinfection section in the next section "Disinfection".

Notes

- a) The cleaning agent does not have to be pure water. It can be distilled water, deionized water or multi-enzyme. But please ensure that the selected cleaning agent is compatible with the product.
- b) In washing stage, the water temperature should not exceed 45 °C, otherwise the protein will solidify and it would be difficult to remove.
- c) After cleaning, the chemical residue should be less than 10mg / L.
- 8.4 Disinfection

Disinfection must be performed no later than 2 hours after the cleaning phase.

Automated disinfection is preferred if conditions permit.

- 8.4.1 Automated disinfection-Washer-disinfector
- •The washer-disinfector is proved to be valid by CE certification in accordance with EN ISO 15883..
- ·Use high temperature disinfection function. The temperature does not exceed 134 $^{\circ}$ C, and the disinfection under the temperature cannot exceed 20 minutes.
- •The disinfection cycle is in accordance with the disinfection cycle in EN ISO 15883.

Cleaning and disinfecting steps by using Washer-disinfector

- 1. Carefully place the product into the disinfection basket. Fixation of product is needed only when the product is removable in the device. The products are not allowed to contact each other.
- 2. Use a suitable rinsing adaptor, and connect the internal water lines to the rinsing connection of the washer-disinfector.
- 3. Start the program.
- 4. After the program is finished, remove the product from the washer-disinfector,

inspect (refer to section "Inspection and Maintenance") and packaging (refer to chapter "Packaging"). Dry the product repeatedly if necessary (refer to section "Drying").

Notes

- a) Before use, you must carefully read the operating instructions provided by the equipment manufacturer to familiarize yourself with the disinfection process and precautions.
- b) With this equipment, cleaning, disinfection and drying will be carried out together.
- c) Cleaning: (c1) The cleaning procedure should be suitable for the product to be treated. The flushing period should be sufficient (5-10 minutes). Pre-wash for 3minutes, wash for another 5 minutes, and rinse it for twice with each rinse lasting for 1 minute. (c2) In the washing stage, the water temperature should not exceed 45 °C, otherwise the protein will solidify and it is difficult to remove. (c3) The solution used can be pure water, distilled water, deionized water or multi-enzyme solution, etc., and only freshly prepared solutions can be used. (c4)During the use of cleaner, the concentration and time provided by manufacturer shall be obeyed.

The used cleaner is neodisher MediZym (Dr. Weigert).

- d) Disinfection: (d1) Direct use after disinfection: temperature ≥ 90 $^{\circ}$ C, time ≥ 5 min or $A0 \geq 3000.$
- (d2)Sterilize it after disinfection and use: temperature ≥ 90 $^{\circ}$ C, time ≥ 1 min or A0 ≥ 600 .
- (d3) For the disinfection here, the temperature is 93 $^{\circ}$ C, the time is 2.5 min, and A0>3000.
- e) Only distilled or deionized water with a small amount of microorganisms (<10 cfu/ml) can be used for all rinsing steps. (For example, pure water that is in accordance with the European Pharmacopoeia or the United States Pharmacopoeia).
- f) After cleaning, the chemical residue should be less than $10 mg \ / \ L$.
- g)The air used for drying must be filtered by HEPA.
- h) Regularly repair and inspect the disinfector.

8.5 Drying

If your cleaning and disinfection process does not have an automatic drying function, dry it after cleaning and disinfection.

Methods

- 1. Spread a clean white paper (white cloth) on the flat table, point the product against the white paper (white cloth), and then dry the product with filtered dry compressed air (maximum pressure 3 bar). Until no liquid is sprayed onto the white paper (white cloth), the product drying is completed.
- 2. It can also be dried directly in a medical drying cabinet (or oven). The recommended drying temperature is 80°C~120°C and the time should be 15~40 minutes.

Notes

- a) The drying of product must be performed in a clean place.
- b) The drying temperature should not exceed 138 °C;
- c) The equipment used should be inspected and maintained regularly.
- 8.6 Inspection and maintenance

In this chapter, we only check the appearance of the product. After inspection, if there is no problem, the optical fiber can only be used.

- 8.6.1 Check the product. If there is still visible stain on the product after cleaning/disinfection, the entire cleaning/disinfection process must be repeated.
- 8.6.2 Check the product. If it is obviously damaged, smashed, detached, corroded or bent, it must be scrapped and not allowed to continue to be used.
- 8.6.3 Check the product. If the accessories are found to be damaged, please replace it before use. And the new accessories for replacement must be cleaned, disinfected and dried.
- 8.6.4 If the service time (number of times) of the product reaches the specified service life (number of times), please replace it in time.

8.7 Packaging

Install the disinfected and dried product and quickly package it in a medical sterilization bag (or special holder, sterile box).

Notes

- a) The package used conforms to ISO 11607;
- b) It can withstand high temperature of 138 °C and has sufficient steam permeability;
- c) The packaging environment and related tools must be cleaned regularly to ensure cleanliness and prevent the introduction of contaminants:
- d) Avoid contact with parts of different metals when packaging.
- 8.8 Sterilization

Use only the following steam sterilization procedures (fractional prevacuum procedure*) for sterilization, and other sterilization procedures are prohibited:

- 1. The steam sterilizer complies with EN13060 or is certified according to EN 285 to comply with EN ISO 17665;
- 2. The highest sterilization temperature is 138 ° C;
- 3. The sterilization time is at least 4 minutes at a temperature of $132^{\circ}\text{C}/134^{\circ}\text{C}$ and a pressure of 2.0 bar ~ 2.3 bars.
- 4. Allow a maximum sterilization time of 20 minutes at 134 °C.

Verification of the fundamental suitability of the products for effective steam sterilization was provided by a verified testing laboratory.

Notes

- a) Only products that have been effectively cleaned and disinfected are allowed to be sterilized;
- b) Before using the sterilizer for sterilization, read the Instruction Manual provided by the equipment manufacturer and follow the instructions.
- c) Do not use hot air sterilization and radiation sterilization as this may result in damage to the product;
- d) Please use the recommended sterilization procedures for sterilization. It is not recommended to sterilize with other sterilization procedures such as ethylene oxide, formaldehyde and low temperature plasma sterilization. The manufacturer assumes no responsibility for the procedures that have not been recommended.

If you use the sterilization procedures that have not been recommended,

please adhere to related effective standards and verify the suitability and effectiveness.

- * Fractional pre-vacuum procedure = steam sterilization with repetitive pre-vacuum. The procedure used here is to perform steam sterilization through three pre-vacuums.
- 8.9 Storage
- 8.9.1 Store in a clean, dry, ventilated, non-corrosive atmosphere with a relative humidity of 10% to 93%, an atmospheric pressure of 70KPa to 106KPa, and a temperature of -20 °C to +55 °C;
- 8.9.2 After sterilization, the product should be packaged in a medical sterilization bag or a clean sealing container, and stored in a special storage cabinet. The storage time should not exceed 7 days. If it is exceeded, it should be reprocessed before use.

Notes:

- a) The storage environment should be clean and must be disinfected regularly;
- b) Product storage must be batched and marked and recorded.
- 8.10 Transportation
- 1. Prevent excessive shock and vibration during transportation, and handle with care:
- 2. It should not be mixed with dangerous goodsduring transportation.
- 3. Avoid exposure to sun or rain or snow during transportation.

The cleaning and disinfection of main unit are as follows.

- Before each use, wipe the surface of the machine with a soft cloth or paper towel soaked in 75% medical alcohol. Repeat the wipe for at least 3 times.
- After each use, wipe the surface of the device with a soft cloth soaked in clean water (distilled or deionized water) or a clean disposable wipe.

Repeat the wipe for at least 3 times.

9. Precaution

- 9.1 Please recharge the battery at least 4 hours before first time usage.
- 9.2 During clinical operation, make the light source focuses directly on the resin which is needed solidification, avoiding to point to incorrect position and affecting solidification effects.
- 9.3 It is forbidden to point blue light to the eyes.
- 9.4 Only the original pedestal charger, adapter and Lithium battery could be used, because other brand pedestal charger, adapter and Lithium battery are likely to damage the circuit.
- 9.5 It is forbidden to use metal or other conductors to touch the main unit and the charging point of pedestal because it may burn the internal circuit or make the li-ion battery short circuit.
- 9.6 Please charge the battery in cool and ventilative room.
- 9.7 It is forbidden to disassemble the battery, or it may cause short circuit and electrolyte leakage.
- 9.8 It is forbidden to extrude, shock or vibrate the battery. It is forbidden to make the battery short circuit. It is forbidden to put the battery together with metal.
- 9.9 If it is not used for a long time, the battery must be taken out to save.
- 9.10 This equipment has electromagnetic interference. Do not use this equipment on the patients with artificial pacemaker or around the electronic operation. It should be cautious to use this equipment in the strong electromagnetic interference environment, since it will be interfered by other equipments.
- ① WARNING: If the curing light works for 40s continously, the temperature of the top of optical fiber may reach 56°C."
- ② WARNING: Do not modify this equipment without authorization of the manufacturer.

10. Contraindication

The heart disease patients, pregnant women and children should be cautious to use this equipment.

11. Daily maintenance

- 11.1 This equipment does not include the self-maintainable spare parts. The maintenance of this equipment should be taken by the appointed professional or special repair shop.
- 11.2 Only the optical fiber of this equipment can be autoclaved under high temperature and pressure. Other parts should be cleaned by clean water or neutral sterilized liquid. Do not soak. Do not use highly volatile and diffluent solvent to clean this equipment, which can cause the signs on the control panel to fade.
- 11.3 Please clean the resin remained on the surface of optical fiber after using to avoid infecting the life-span or solidified effect.

12. Trouble shooting

Faults	Possible causes	Solutions	
Non- indication, non-act.	The battery in the curing light has no power. Battery protection caused by the external reasons. Battery is damaged.	1. Connect to the Adapter to charge/ change the battery. 2. Charge the main unit to stop the protection. 3. Change the battery.	
The charging indicator on the pedestal twinkles when charge.	The battery voltage is too low. Battery is damaged.	1. Return to normal state automatically after charging 15 minutes. 2. Change the battery.	
,	The optical fiber is not inserted into the bottom. The optical fiber is cracked. There is resin remained on the surface of optical fiber.	Please reinstall the optical fiber. Please change the optical fiber. Please wipe off the remained resin.	

Faults	Possible causes	Solutions
The equipment can not charge after connecting.	1. The adapter is not inserted well. 2. Adapter is damaged or the specification is not matching. 3. The charging point is impurity.	Pull out the adapter then reconnect. Change the adapter. Cleaned by the alcohol.
The using time of battery becomes short after charging.	The battery capacity is decreased.	Change the battery.

If all the above solutions have been completed, the machine still can not work normally. Please contact our special repair shop or us

13. Packing list

The components of the machine are listed in the packing list.

14. Storage and transportation

- 14.1 The equipment should be handled carefully and lightly, kept away from the shaking source, installed or stored at shadowy, dry, cool and ventilated places.
- 14.2 Don't store the equipment together with articles that are combustible, poisonous, caustic, and explosive.

- 14.3 This equipment should be stored in the environment where the humidity is 10%~93%, the atmosphere pressure is 70kPa~106kPa and the temperature is -20°C~55°C.
- 14.4 Excessive impact or shake should be prevented during transportation. Handle with care. Do not place upside down.
- 14.5 Don't put it together with dangerous articles during transportation.
- 14.6 Keep it away form the sun, rain or snow during transportation.

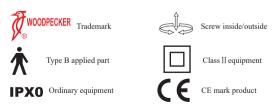
15. After service

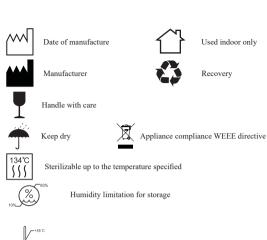
From the date this equipment has been sold, based on the warranty card, we will repair this equipment free of charge if it has quality problems, please refer to the warranty card for the warranty period.

16. European authorized representative

EC REP MedNet EC-Rep GmbH Borkstrasse 10 · 48163 Muenster · Germany

17. Symbol instruction







Atmospheric pressure for storage



EC REP Authorised Representative in the EUROPEAN

18. Environmental protection

Please dispose according to the local laws.

19. Statement

All rights of modifying the product are reserved to the manufacturer without further notice. The pictures are only for reference. The final interpretation rights belong to GUILIN WOODPECKER MEDICAL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD. The industrial design, inner structure, etc, have claimed for several patents by WOODPECKER, any copy or fake product must take legal responsibilities.

20. EMC - Declaration of conformity

The device has been tested and homologated in accordance with EN 60601-1-2 for EMC. This does not guarantee in any way that this device will not be effected by electromagnetic interference Avoid using the device in high electromagnetic environment.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic emissions

The model LED, F is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the model LED, F should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment - guidance	
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The model LED.F uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.	
RF emissions CISPR11	Class B	The model LED.F is suitable for used in domestic establishment and in establishment directly connected to a low voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.	
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A		
Voltage fluctuations / flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Not applicable	Pan bosos.	

Guidance & Declaration — electromagnetic immunity

The model LED.F is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the model LED.F should assure that It is used in such an environment.

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance	
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	±6 kV contact ±8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30 %.	
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	±2kV for power supply lines ±1 kV for Input/output lines	±2kV for power supply lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	±1 kV line to line ±2 kV line to earth	±2 kV line to earth	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.	
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11.	<5 % U _T (>95% dip in U _T) for 0.5 cycle 40 % U _T (60% dip in U _T) for 5 cycles 70% U _T (30% dip in U _T) for 25 cycles <5% U _T (>95 % dip in U _T) for 5 sec	$ \begin{array}{l} <5 \% \ U_T \\ (>95\% \ dip \ in \\ U_T \) \\ for 0.5 \ eycle \\ 40 \% \ U_T \\ (60\% \ dip \ in \ U_T) \\ for 5 \ eycles \\ 70\% \ U_T \\ (30\% \ dip \ in \ U_T) \\ for 25 \ eycles \\ <5\% \ U_T \\ (>95 \% \ dip \ in \ U_T) \\ for 5 \ eycles \\ <5\% \ dip \ in \ U_T \\ (>95 \% \ dip \ in \ U_T) \\ for 5 \ eycles \\ <5\% \ dip \ in \ Eycles \\ <6\% \ eyc$	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the model LED.F requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the model LED.F be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.	
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	Not applicable	Not applicable	
NOTE U _T is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.				

Guidance & Declaration - Electromagnetic immunity

The model LED.F is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the model LED.F should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity test IEC 60601 level	test Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
Conducted RF 3 Vrms IEC 61000-4-6 150 kHz to 3 V/m IEC 61000-4-3 80 MHz to 3	2.37/m	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to any part of the model LED.F, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter. Recommended separation distance 3V d=1.2×P ^{1/2} 80 MHz to 800 MHz d=2.3×P ^{1/2} 80 MHz to 800 MHz d=2.3×P ^{1/2} 80 MHz to 8.00 MHz manufacture and d 1s the recommended separation distance in meters (m). Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range. In the following symbol: Interference may occur In the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz end 800 MHz, the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

^{*} Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephon es and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadest and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, a n electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in whi ich model LEDF, F is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the model LEDF, F is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the model LEDF, and the consideration. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reorienting or relocating the model LEDF.

^b Over the frequency range 150 kHz to 80 MHz, field strengths should be less than 3V/m.

Recommended separation distances between portable and mobile RF communications equipment and the model LED.F

The model LED.F is intended for use in electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances is controlled. The customer or the user of the model LED.F can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the model LED.F as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.

Rated maximum output	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter		
power of transmitter W	150kHz to 80MHz d=1.2×P 1/2	80MHz to 800MHz d=1.2×P 1/2	800MHz to 2,5GHz d=2.3×P 1/2
0,01	0.12	0.12	0.23
0,1	0.38	0.38	0.73
1	1.2	1.2	2.3
10	3.8	3.8	7.3
100	12	12	23

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) accordable to the transmitter manufacture.

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.



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